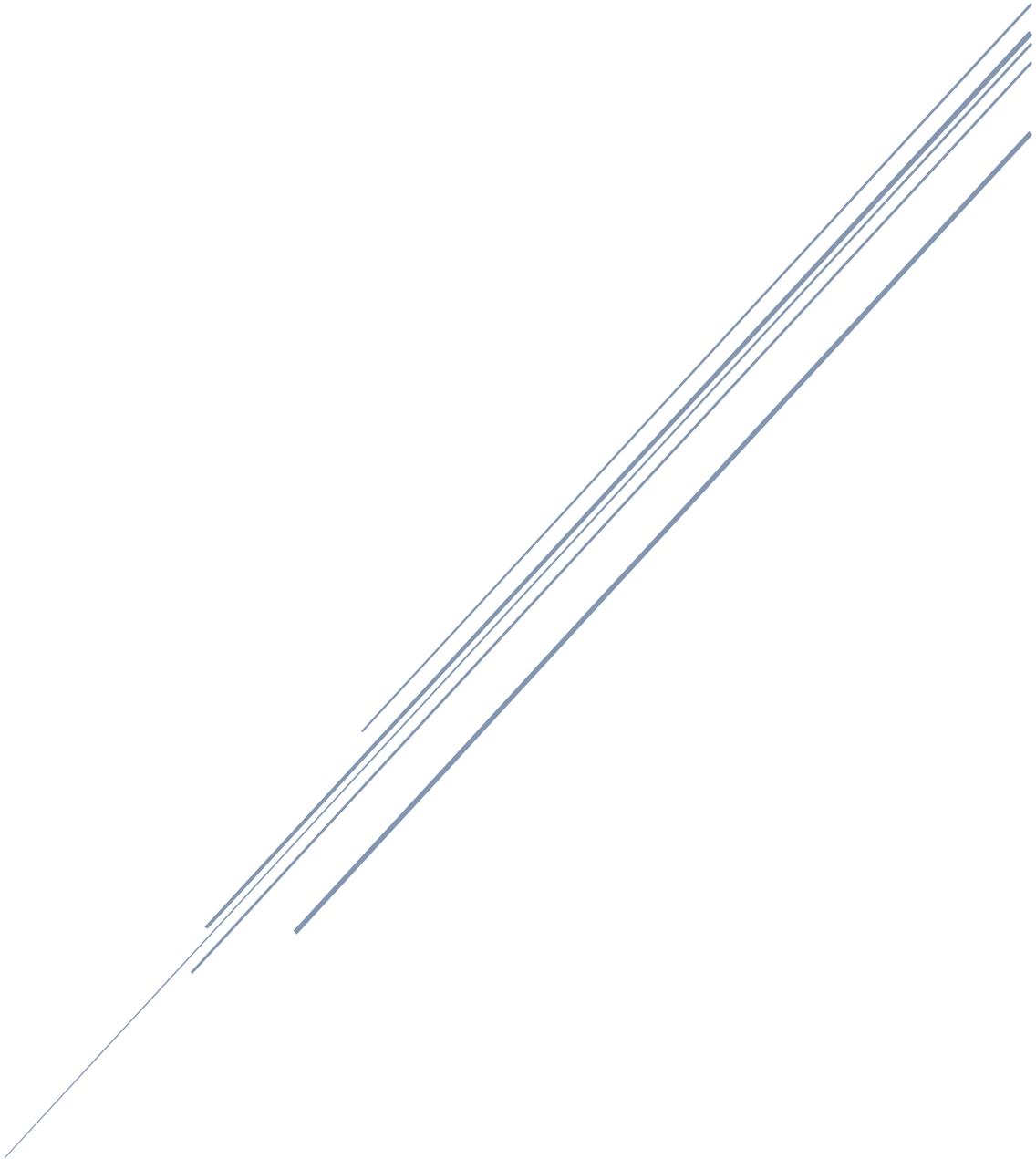


UTG2000A&UTG7000B Series Signal Source

Programming Manual



Version :

Version	Modification Item
V1.0	Official version

Introduction :

UCI interface, related problems see UCI Help Documentation. Detailed operating see example project.

Reference File :

- 1、UTG2025Def.h : the basic definition of this series
- 2、UCI relevant documentation: see UCI Help Documentation

Basic Format of Command String

The name of command string 1: command parameter@ attribute 1: attribute value@ attribute 2: attribute value ... @ attribute n: attribute value;

The name of command string 2: command parameter@ attribute 1: attribute value@ attribute 2: attribute value ... @ attribute n: attribute value;

The name of command string n: command parameter@ attribute 1: attribute value@ attribute 2: attribute value ... @ attribute n: attribute value;

Description :

- 1、It is not case-sensitive;
- 2、Numerical value support the format of hexadecimal, octal and decimalism;
- 3、Support multiple statements (depends on model), if multiple statements and attributes on failure, try to using single statement and attribute;
- 4、Every statement must end with ';' ;
- 5、Spaces are supported between names, values, and tags;

Example :

```
"wp@ch:0@addr:10@v:10;" "key: c1;"
```

Term : SG - short name of Signal Source

General Command

Name of command	Meaning	IO	Data	Note
Local	Lock Pad	W	Enum:0/1{remote/local status}	Keyboard locked in remote status
Local?	Query keyboard is locked or not	R	Enum:0/1{unlocked/locked}	
Lock?	Query the lock status of keyboard	R	8Bytes, 64 signed integer, flag bit	

Write Parameter

Name of command	Command parameter	Type of command parameter
wp	None	None

Name of attribute	Meaning	IO	Data
CH	Number of channel	W	Enum(Integer) : 0/1{ CH1/ CH2 }
addr	Parameter address	W	Enum(ParamNo): view the definition of parameter address
v	Parameter value	W	Value usually measured by the smallest unit

Example :

“wp@CH:0@addr:9@v:1000;” - set the frequency of CH1 is 1mHz;

Note :

UCI corresponding interface: [uci_Write](#)

Read Parameter

Name of command	Command parameter	Type of command parameter
rp	None	None

Name of attribute	Meaning	IO	Data
CH	Number of channel	W	Enum(Integer) : 0/1{ CH1/ CH2 }
addr	Parameter address	W	Enum(ParamNo): view the definition of parameter address

Example :

“rp@CH:0@addr:9;” - read the frequency of CH1;

Note :

UCI corresponding interface: [uci_Read](#), corresponding data size are 8 bytes, double types!

Key

Name of command	Command parameter	Type of command parameter
KEY	Key value	See key code as below

KEY	Character encoding	KEY	Character encoding
Bottom function key 1	AF1	0	0
Bottom function key 2	AF2	1	1
Bottom function key 3	AF3	2	2
Bottom function key 4	AF4	3	3
Bottom function key 5	AF5	4	4

Bottom function key 6	AF6	5	5
F1	F1	6	6
F2	F2	7	7
F3	F3	8	8
F4	F4	9	9
Menu	MENU	.	.
Knob Left	FKNL	+/-	SIGN
Knob Right	FKNR	Trigger	TG
Knob Click	FKN	Utility	UTIL
Left	L	CH1	C1
Right	R	CH2	C2

Name of attribute	Meaning	IO	Data
Lock	Lock the keyboard	W	No data
Unlock	Unlock the keyboard	W	No data
Lock?	Query the lock status of keyboard	R	Integer<4Bytes>: 0 – unlocked; 1 –locked

Example :

```

"KEY:c1;" -- CH1
"KEY:c2;" -- CH2
"KEY:c2@lock;" -- CH2 locked the key
"KEY:c2@unlock;" -- CH2 unlocked the key
"KEY:c2@lock?;" -- Query keyboard locked or not

```

Note :

Command with question mark read in `uci_Read` . The status gets from the interface return value.

Read and Write Configuration File

Name of command	Command parameter	Type of command parameter
dconfig	None	None

Example :

"dconfig;"

Note :

Use the interface `uci_Read` to read, buffer area size can set as 1024Bytes, the actual of effective data is defined by the interface return value. Use the interface `uci_WriteFromFile` to write configuration data, which does not recognize the file suffix, it can only recognize command "dconfig;", write configuration timeout at least 6s.

Capture Screen

Name of command	Command parameter	Type of command parameter
PrtScn	Picture format	Enum(String):null/zip/bmp {unpacked pixel data/packed pixel data /BMP file data

Example:

"PrtScn:bmp;" --- screenshot saved as bmp file data;

"PrtScn;" --- screenshot saved as pixel file data;

"PrtScn:zip;" --- screenshot saved as packed pixel file data;

Note :

Use `uci_Read` to read data, the command has no saved data file, it should return to the specified buffer area of `uci_Read`. If you want to buffer a local file, please save it by yourself.

- 1、 If use command: "PrtScn;", buffer area size must be $\geq 391680(480 * 272 * 3)$, readout is 24bits of pixel data;
- 2、 If use command: "PrtScn:bmp;", buffer area size must be $480 * 272 * 3 + 54 = 391734$, that is the size of picture.
- 3、 If use command: "PrtScn:zip;", buffer area size can set $\geq 391680(480 * 272 * 3)$ (maximum data volume) , readout is packed pixel data. And then use the interface: `alg_UnCompressPixels_25` to unzipping data.
Note: `uci_Read` return value is packed data volume.

4. Use the interface `uci_ReadToFile` to add the command `"prtscn:bmp;"`, it can save bitmap to disk file.

Write Random Wave File

Name of command	Command parameter	Type of command parameter
WARB	None	None

Name of attribute	Meaning	IO	Data
CH	Number of channel	W	Enum(Integer) : 0/1 { CH1/ CH2 }
Mode	Loading mode	W	Enum(Integer): 0/1 {Carrier/Mod}

Example:

`"WARB@CH:0@MODE:0;"`
Loading wave file as carrier wave form into to CH1

Note :

use the interface `uci_WriteFromFileto` to write random wave file, timeout set to 1000.

Appendix

1、Parameter address

Numerical value unit :

Frequency unit : μHz , 1mHz° set value $1*1000$;

Voltage unit : μV

Time unit : ns (ns、 μs 、ms、s) , for example 1s return value is $1*1000^3$

Degree unit: 0.01° , phase set to 90° , return value is $90 * 100$

Percent unit 0.01% , for example duty cycle, return value= input value *100

```
//@brief : UTG2025A and UTG2062A signal source parameter coding
typedef enum _ParamNo
{
    Invalid_Cmd = -1,
    //@brief : the current working mode
    CurMode = 6,
    //@brief : random wave play mode
    ArbPlayMode = 7,
    //@brief : waveform types
    WaveType = 8,
    //@brief : frequency unit:  $\mu\text{Hz}^\circ$ ,  $1\text{mHz}^\circ$ set to  $1*1000$ 
    Freq = 9,
    //@brief : period
    Period = 10,
    //@brief : amplitude-peak value, set value unit is mV
    AmpVpp = 11,
    //@brief : amplitude -effective value unit:  $\mu\text{V}$ 
    AmpVrms = 12,
    //@brief : amplitude -power
    AmpDbm = 13,
    //@brief : DC offset
    DCOffset = 14,
    //@brief : high level
    High = 15,
    //@brief : low level
    Low = 16,
    //@brief : phase, set  $0.01^\circ$  as basic value, like  $1^\circ$  set to 100
    Phase = 17,
    //@brief : duty cycle unit:  $0.01\%$ ,  $1\%$  set to  $1*100$ 
    DutyCycle = 18,
    //@brief : symmetry unit:  $0.01^\circ$ ,  $1^\circ$ set to  $1*100$ 
}
```

```

Symmetry = 19,
//@brief :
PulseWidth = 20,
//@brief : impulse wave - rising time
PulseRisingTime = 21,
//@brief : impulse wave - falling time
PulseFallingTime = 22,
//@brief :
ArbSampleRate = 23,
//@brief : ARB file name
ArbName = 24,
//@brief :
ArbLength = 25,
//@brief : modulation types
ModulateType = 40,
//@brief : modulation frequency
ModulateFreq = 28,
//@brief : modulation source
ModulateSource = 29,
//@brief : modulation wave
ModulateShape = 30,
//@brief :
ModulateOnOff = 31,
//@brief : modulation depth
ModulateAMDepth = 32,
//@brief : frequency offset
ModulateFMFreqDev = 33,
//@brief : phase offset
ModulatePMPhaseDev = 34,
//@brief : hopping frequency
ModulateFSK_HopFreq = 35,
//@brief : speed rate
ModulateFSKRate = 36,
//@brief : phase shift keying - phase
ModulatePSKPhase = 37,
//@brief : frequency-shift keying - carrier frequency
ModulateFSK_CarrierFreq = 38,
//@brief : pulse width modulation-duty cycle skew
ModulatePWM_DutyDev = 39,
//@brief : sweep frequency - start frequency
SweepStartFreq = 47,
//@brief : sweep frequency-stop frequency
SweepStopFreq = 48,

```

```
//@brief : sweep frequency - sweep time
SweepTime = 49,
//@brief : sweep frequency - sweep type
SweepType = 50,
//@brief : switch frequency setting - frequency or period
Wave_Freq_Or_Period = 51,
//@brief : switch amplitude setting - amplitude or high/low level
Wave_Amp_Or_HighLow = 52,
//@brief : switch different amplitude unit
Wave_Amp_Unit = 53,

//@brief : pulse string - start phase
BurstStartPhase = 57,
//@brief : pulse string - burst cycle
BurstPeriod = 58,
//@brief : pulse string - cycle count
BurstCycleCount = 59,
//@brief : pulse string - gating-polarity
BurstPolarity = 60,
//@brief : pulse string - burst type
BurstType = 61,

//@brief : sweep frequency - trigger
TriggerSource = 68,
SyncType = 69,
//@brief : sweep frequency - trigger edge 0: rising edge 1:falling edge
TriggerEdge = 70,
//@brief : sweep frequency-trigger output switch
TriggerOnOff = 71,

//@brief : CH1 channel function
OutputEnable = 77,

//@brief : CH2 channel function
OutputEnable2 = 78,
//@brief : inverted
Invert = 79,
//@brief : output resistance
OutputExtRes = 80,
//@brief : amplitude limit
OutputLimit = 81,
//@brief : amplitude upper limit
OutputLimitHigh = 82,
//@brief : amplitude lower limit
```

```
OutputLimitLow = 83,  
//@brief : sync output  
SyncOut = 84,  
//@brief :  
Couple = 85,  
//@brief : IP address  
type  
IPAddrType = 101,  
//@brief : IP address  
IPAddr = 102,  
//@brief : subnet mask  
IPSubnetMask = 103,  
//@brief : gateway  
IPGateway = 104,  
//@brief : DNS  
IPDns = 105,  
//@brief : MAC address  
Mac = 106,  
//@brief : language  
Language = 107,  
//@brief : clock source  
ClkSource = 108,  
//@brief :  
PowerOnParam = 109,  
//@brief : buzzer switch  
BeepOnOff = 110,  
//@brief : numeric separator  
CharDivideInt = 111,  
//@brief : load setting  
LoadSetting = 112,  
//@brief : save setting  
SaveSetting = 113,  
//@brief : adjust backlight  
Backlight = 114,  
//@brief : about  
About = 115,  
//@brief : clock output  
ClkOut = 116  
}ParamNo
```

2 · Keyboard Locked Status Mark Bits

```
//@brief : query UTG2025A and UTG2062A keyboard in locked status, save it in 64bits
integer register
typedef enum _UTG2025Key_bit {
    IKEY_Unknown = -1,
    //@brief : bottom functional key 1
    IKEY_AF1 = 0,
    //@brief : bottom functional key 2
    IKEY_AF2,
    //@brief : bottom functional key 3
    IKEY_AF3,
    //@brief : bottom functional key 4
    IKEY_AF4,
    //@brief : bottom functional key 5
    IKEY_AF5,
    //@brief : bottom functional key 6
    IKEY_AF6,
    //@brief : functional key 1
    IKEY_F1,
    //@brief : functional key 2
    IKEY_F2,
    //@brief : functional key 3
    IKEY_F3,
    //@brief : functional key 4
    IKEY_F4,
    //@brief : Menu key
    IKEY_MENU,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 0
    IKEY_NUM_0 = 14,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 1
    IKEY_NUM_1,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 2
    IKEY_NUM_2,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 3
    IKEY_NUM_3,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 4
    IKEY_NUM_4,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 5
    IKEY_NUM_5,
    //@brief : numeric keypad 6
```

```
IKEY_NUM_6,  
//@brief : numeric keypad 7  
IKEY_NUM_7,  
//@brief : numeric keypad 8  
IKEY_NUM_8,  
//@brief : numeric keypad 9  
IKEY_NUM_9,  
//@brief : numeric keypad - symbol (+/-) key  
IKEY_SIGN,  
//@brief : numeric keypad “.” key  
IKEY_DOT,  
//@brief : the right knob  
IKEY_PLUS,  
//@brief : the left knob  
IKEY_MINUS,  
//@brief : direction key→  
IKEY_RIGHT,  
//@brief : direction key←  
IKEY_LEFT,  
//@brief : Trigger key  
IKEY_TRIGGER,  
//@brief : CH1 key  
IKEY_CH1,  
//@brief : CH2 key  
IKEY_CH2,  
//@brief : UTILITY key  
IKEY_LOCAL =34,  
//@brief : push functional knob (Enter/OK)  
IKEY_OK,  
}UTG2025KeyBit;
```