

SAFETY DATA SHEET BAC IPA-BASED FLUX REMOVER- ISOCLEAN, AEROSOL

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	BAC IPA-BASED FLUX REMOVER- ISOCLEAN, AEROSOL
Product number	TNP-IPA-FLX-RM
Company was too do no moo	
Synonyms; trade names	"BAC - ISOCLEAN, DEFLUXER"
Recommended use of the che	
Application	Cleaning agent.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.
Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet
Supplier	TestEquity
	Tel: 800-950-3457
	6100 Condor Drive
	Moorpark, CA 93021
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (within the U.S.) +1 703-741-5970 (from anywhere in the world)
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance	or mixture
OSHA Regulatory Status	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
Physical hazards	Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
Human health	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.
Environmental	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.
Physicochemical	The product is highly flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Label elements	

Hazard symbols

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use P261 Avoid breathing spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. P412 Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	Safety data sheet available on request. For use in industrial installations only.
Contains	PROPAN-2-OL

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

PROPAN-2-OL	60-100%
CAS number: 67-63-0	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane	10-30%
CAS number: 811-97-2	
Classification	
Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory. The exact percentage	
	(concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with	
	paragraph (i) of CFR 1900.1200	

Composition

4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measur	<u>es</u>
General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Skin Contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
6. Accidental release measure	25
Personal precautions, protectiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	

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Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Conditions for safe storage, inc	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Storage class	Chemical storage.
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 400 ppm 980 mg/m³ Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 492 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 400 ppm 984 mg/m³ A4

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 4240 mg/m³ OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment

Appropriate e controls	ngineering

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-
	face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended.

Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.
9. Physical and chemical prop	perties
Information on basic physical	and chemical properties
Appearance	Clear liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Characteristic. Alcoholic.
Odor threshold	Not determined.
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	82 - 83°C/173 - 174°F @ 101.3 kPa
Flash point	12°C/54°F Method: Tag closed cup.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper flammable/explosive limit: 12.0 %(V) Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.0 %(V)
Vapor pressure	41 hPa @ 20°C
Vapor density	1.82
Bulk density	0.785 g/cm3
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Auto-ignition temperature	425°C/797°F
Viscosity	2.43 mPa s @ 20°C/70°F
Explosive properties	The product is flammable. Heating may generate flammable vapors.
Global Warming Potential (GWP)	
Volatility	100%
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 785 g/litre.
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
11. Toxicological information	
Information on toxicological ef	fects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u> Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u> Serious eye damage/irritatio	n Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>Respiratory sensitization</u> Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization Skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Reproductive toxicity - ferti	lity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity -</u> STOT - single exposure	single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Target organs	Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicity -	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

<u>Aspiration hazard</u> Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.
Skin Contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	Central nervous system

Toxicological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute toxicity - inhalation				
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 vapours mg/l)	16,000.0			
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	16,000.0			
Carcinogenicity				
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.			
NTP carcinogenicity	Not listed.			
OSHA Carcinogenicity	Not listed.			
HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane				
Other health effects	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.			
<u> Acute toxicity - inhalati</u>	ion			
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 gases ppmV)	567,000.0			
Species	Rat			
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	567,000.0			
Inhalation	Vapors irritate the respiratory system. May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing.			
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.			
Skin Contact	May cause allergic contact eczema. Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.			

	Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
12. Ecologica	al information		
Ecotoxicity		Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
Toxicity		Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Ecological i	information on in	gredients.	
		PROPAN-2-OL	
	Acute aquatic toxic	ity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 9,640 mg/l, Fish	
	Acute toxicity - aqu invertebrates	atic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5102 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
	Acute toxicity - aqu plants	latic IC₅₀, 72 hours: >2,000 mg/l, Algae	
		HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane	
	Acute aquatic toxic	<u>ity</u>	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 450 mg/l, Fish	
	Acute toxicity - aqu invertebrates	atic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 980 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
Persistence a	and degradability		
Persistence	and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.	
<u>Bioaccumula</u>	tive potential		
Bio-Accumula	ative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Ecological i	information on in	gredients.	
		PROPAN-2-OL	
	Partition coefficien	t : 0.05	
		HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane	
	Partition coefficien	t Pow: 1.06	
<u>Mobility in</u>	<u>soi</u> l		
Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	
Other advers	se effects		
Other advers	se effects	None known.	
13. Disposal considerations			
Waste treatment methods			

General information	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.		
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents.		
14. Transport information			
DOT transport notes	As supplied, this product is consigned under the Limited Quantities provisions.		
<u>UN Number</u>			
UN No. (IMDG)	1950		
UN No. (ICAO)	1950		
UN proper shipping name			
Proper shipping name (TDG)	LIMITED QUANTITY		
Proper shipping name (IMD	G) UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY		
Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY			
Proper shipping name (DOT)	LIMITED QUANTITY		
Packing group			
Packing group (International)	Not applicable.		
Environmental hazards			
Environmentally Hazardous Substance No.			
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable. No information required.		
15. Regulatory information			
US Federal Regulations SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.			
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.			

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Essential Chemical None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I) The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

PROPAN-2-OL

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II) None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

PROPAN-2-OL

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt: PROPAN-2-OL

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

PROPAN-2-OL

Minnesota "Right To Know" List All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

PROPAN-2-OL Present.

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane Present.

New Jersey "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

PROPAN-2-OL

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

PROPAN-2-OL

Inventories

US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Philippines - PICCS

PROPAN-2-OL Yes

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act
	 IATA: International air transport association. ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air. IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods. CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal effective concentration. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	9/2/2020
Revision	48
Supersedes date	1/24/2019
SDS No.	AEROSOL - BAC
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. USH03 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.