

Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group: 35-9971-9 **Version Number:** 3.00 **Issue Date:** 12/07/17 **Supercedes Date:** 02/21/17

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM FPP Watertight Spray

Product Identification Numbers

98-0441-1004-1, 98-0441-1019-9

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Fire Block Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

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Pictograms







Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to

extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

21% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Limestone	1317-65-3	50 - 80 Trade Secret *

Polyether (NJTSRN 04499600-7401)	Trade Secret*	15 - 40 Trade Secret *
Plasticizer (NJTSRN 04499600-7402)	Trade Secret*	9 - 20 Trade Secret *
Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Diethylene glycol butyl ether	112-34-5	< 1 Trade Secret *
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with	67762-90-7	< 1 Trade Secret *
silica (nonomaterial)		
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	< 1 Trade Secret *
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	1760-24-3	< 0.5 Trade Secret *
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	< 0.5 Trade Secret *
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	22673-19-4	< 0.3 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

DO NOT USE WATER In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide <u>Condition</u> During Combustion During Combustion

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^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No. Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
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Diethylene glycol butyl ether	112-34-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and vapor):10 ppm	
Limestone	1317-65-3	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	22673-19-4	ACGIH	TWA(as Sn):0.1 mg/m3;STEL(as Sn):0.2 mg/m3	SKIN, A4: Not class. as human carcin
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	22673-19-4	OSHA	TWA(as Sn):0.1 mg/m3	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA concentration: 0.8 mg/m3; TWA: 20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	AIHA	TWA:40 mg/m3(10 ppm)	SKIN

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer lambate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:

Specific Physical Form:

Paste

Odor, Color, Grade: White or Red viscous liquid with slight solvent odor.

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting pointNot ApplicableBoiling PointNot Applicable

Flash Point 125 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density

Not Applicable

Specific Gravity 1.48 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Nil

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity56,000Hazardous Air Pollutants0 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 119 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alcohols Amines 3MTM FPP Watertight Spray

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Water

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient</u>	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Additional Information:

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Dust/Mist(4		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
	hr)		
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Limestone	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Limestone	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Limestone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
Petroleum distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Petroleum distillates	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Petroleum distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol butyl ether	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,764 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol butyl ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,292 mg/kg
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
(nonomaterial)			
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
(nonomaterial)	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
(nonomaterial)	-	70 1111	1 D 50 10 000 11
Titanium Dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
min to min the	(4 hours)		1 D 50 10 000 11
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 >1.49, <2.44 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)	_	
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,897 mg/kg
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,864 mg/kg
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.1 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,320 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Limestone	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Diethylene glycol butyl ether	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Rat	Corrosive
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

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Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Limestone	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Diethylene glycol butyl ether	Rabbit	Corrosive
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Rabbit	Corrosive
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	In vitro	Corrosive
	data	
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Rabbit	Severe irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Petroleum distillates	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Titanium Dioxide	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Multiple	Sensitizing
	animal	
	species	
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Petroleum distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Petroleum distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
(nonomaterial)	Specified		sufficient for classification
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Limestone	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (nonomaterial)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.5 mg/kg/day	during gestation
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 0.68 mg/l	during gestation
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	2 generation
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	2 generation
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Dermal	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 237 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 160 mg/kg/day	2 generation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Limestone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
Petroleum distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Notavailable	
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 0.05 mg/l	8 hours

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
						Duration
Limestone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
					available	exposure
Siloxanes and Silicones,	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
di-Me, reaction products		silicosis			available	exposure
with silica (nonomaterial)						
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 0.01	2 years

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			data are not sufficient for classification		mg/l	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Dibutyltin bis(acetylacetonate)	Ingestion	immune system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.3 mg/kg/day	28 days
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Inhalation	bone marrow immune system respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	4 weeks
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	90 days
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,060 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,057 mg/kg/day	90 days
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	90 days
N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	3 months

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Petroleum distillates	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient

Diethylene glycol butyl ether (GLYCOL ETHERS)

C.A.S. No

<u>% by Wt</u>

112-34-5

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

Ingredient (Category if applicable)

C.A.S. No

Regulation

Status

N-Me 2-Pyrrolidone

872-50-4

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 6 Banned or Restricted Use Chemicals Proposed

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

 Document Group:
 35-9971-9
 Version Number:
 3.00

 Issue Date:
 12/07/17
 Supercedes Date:
 02/21/17

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