SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Techspray No Clean Remover G3

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Techspray No Clean Remover G3
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	
Product type	: Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details	: Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 800-858-4043 1 703-527-3887
	1 100-021-0001

	: Chemtrec - 1-800-858-4043
number (with hours of operation)	CANTUC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043
	24/7

Section 2. Hazards identification

 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A GASES UNDER PRESSURE Compressed gas Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 2% Warning
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GASES UNDER PRESSURE Compressed gas Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 2% : Warning
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 2% : : Warning
: Warning
.
: Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
: Not applicable.
: None known.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureOther means of: Not available.identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
Product code	: 1634-12S		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
trans-dichloroethylene Ethyl alcohol		50 - 70 1 - 5	156-60-5 64-17-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ms

Eye contact		nptoms may include the tion	following:			
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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media

<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, prot	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Version : 3

Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized ontainer: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C ot pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin an lothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequ entilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and way from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-pr lectrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-spa pols. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.	d Jate Use Toof
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is andled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eatin rinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment b ntering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene neasures.	•
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	tore in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry nd well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and fo nd drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid nvironmental contamination.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limit	ts		
trans-dichloroethylene			ACGIH TLV (UI	nited States, 4	/2014).	
			TWA: 200 ppn	n 8 hours.		
			TWA: 793 mg/	/m³ 8 hours.		
Ethyl alcohol			ACGIH TLV (Ŭ	nited States, 4/	/2014).	
			STEL: 1000 pp	om 15 minutes.	-	
			NIOSH REL (U	nited States, 1	0/2013).	
			TWA: 1900 mg	g/m ³ 10 hours.		
			TWA: 1000 pp			
			OSHA PEL (Un	ited States, 2/2	2013).	
			TWA: 1900 mg	•		
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapo or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statuto limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the saf working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	: Clear. Colorless.
Odor	: Ethereal. Ether-like.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 39°C (102.2°F)
Flash point	: Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	: <1 (TCE = 1 = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.	
Vapor pressure	: 19.3 kPa (144.85 mm Hg) [room temperature	e]
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: Not available.	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Not available.	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	: Spray	
Heat of combustion	: 0.84 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizing materials alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
trans-dichloroethylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	24100 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1235 mg/kg	-
Ethyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
trans-dichloroethylene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Ethyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.0666666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	microliters 500	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 400	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 20 milligrams	-
			milligrams	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethyl alcohol	-	1	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure					
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.			
<u>Long term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.			
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>			
Not available.					
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Developmental effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2058.3 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
trans-dichloroethylene	Acute LC50 220000 to 290000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Ethyl alcohol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Ulva pertusa Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	4 days 96 hours 12 weeks

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
trans-dichloroethylene	2.09	-	low
Ethyl alcohol	-0.35		low

Mobility in soil

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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
1,2-Dichloroethylene; Ethene, 1,2-dichloro-, (E)-	156-60-5	Listed	U079

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	-	-	-	UN1950	UN1950	ID8000
UN proper shipping name	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ORM-D	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2	Consumer commodity ID8000
Transport hazard class(es)	ORM-D	ORM-D	ORM-D	2	2.2	9
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 1666.7 lbs / 756.67 kg [163. 84 gal / 620.22 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity)			Tunnel code (D)		-

Section 14. Transport information

transportation requirements.		

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL		
73/78 and the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:			-			1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,	5-decafluoro
			. ,	-	ial exemptior			
		TSCA 1	2(b) one-tin	ne export:	Pentane, 1,1	,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,	5-decafluoro-	
		All comp	onents are	listed or ex	kempted.			
		Clean V	Vater Act (C	WA) 307 :	trans-dichloro	ethylene		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not liste	d					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	1	Not liste	d					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	1	Not liste	d					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d					
SARA 302/304								
Composition/information	on	<u>ingredie</u>	<u>nts</u>					
No products were found.								
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not app	licable.					
SARA 311/312								
Classification	:	Fire haz Immedia	ard ate (acute) h	ealth haza	ırd			
Composition/information	<u>on</u>	<u>ingredie</u>	<u>nts</u>					
Name			%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
trans-dichloroethylene			50 - 70	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Ethyl alcohol			1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
State regulations						_		-
Massachusetts	۰.	The follo	wing comp	nente are	listed. DICHI		NE-TRANS; E⁻	ГНУІ
maosaonasotts	1		OL; CARBO					
New York	:	The follo	wing compo	onents are	listed: Ethene	e, trans-1,2-dio	chloro-; Dichloro	pethylene
New Jersey	:		wing compo E; CARBON			_ ALCOHOL; /	ALCOHOL; CAI	RBON
Pennsylvania	:	The follo	wing compo	onents are	listed: ETHEN	NE, 1,2-DICHI	_ORO-, (E)-; DE	ENATURED

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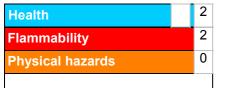
ALCOHOL; CARBON DIOXIDE

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Conver	ntion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol (Annex	<u>es A, B, C, E)</u>
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention or	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on	Prior Inform Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol o	on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5/20/2015.
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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.