SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flux-Off® Water Soluble (Liquid)

cation Standard
otic effects) -
n heat, hot
. Use explosion-
t. Use only non-
. Keep container eathing vapor.
cating vapor.
comfortable for
ON SKIN (or
water or shower. e contact lenses, if
t medical attention
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F h /e

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: ES130
identification	Fluxing agents Remover

CAS number/other identifiers

Product code : Es	S130, ES530, ES5530, ES130C

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isopropyl alcohol	95 - 99	67-63-0
Propyl acetate	1 - 5	109-60-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. **Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.	
	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Skin contact :	Slightly irritating to the skin.	
•	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

2/12

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

3/12

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
Propyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	STEL: 1040 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 835 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	STEL: 1050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 840 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 840 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 1050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 840 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. **Environmental exposure** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Skin protection Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/14/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version :1

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid. [Liquid.]
Color	1	Colorless.
Odor	1	Alcohol-like.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not available.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	82°C (179.6°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) [Tagliabue.]
Evaporation rate	1	<1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 2% Upper: 12%
Vapor pressure	1	4.4 kPa (33 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	1	>1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	1	0.79
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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 : 3/14/2015.
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation.
 Version
 : 1

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Propyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	9370 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	 Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol Propyl acetate		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Eye contact

Inhalation

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: Causes serious eye irritation.

- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- **Skin contact** : Slightly irritating to the skin.
- Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure				
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>		
Not available.				
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Rout	te	ATE value
Oral		5183 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
Propyl acetate	Acute LC50 1400000 μg/l Acute LC50 60000 to 64000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
Propyl acetate	1.4		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Dia	nood	mot	hode
DIS	posal	meu	nous

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal s of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Version :1

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	1993	1993	1993	1993	1993	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (Isopropyl alcohol, propyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (Isopropyl alcohol, propyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (Isopropyl alcohol, propyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (Isopropyl alcohol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (Isopropyl alcohol)	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (propan-2-ol)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	-	-	-	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E)	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: hexamethyldisiloxane TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined All components are listed or exempted. Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients No products were found.			
All components are listed or exempted. Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed SARA 302/304 : Composition/information on ingredients	U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: hexamethyldisiloxane	
Clean Air Act Section 112: Not listed(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):Clean Air Act Section 602: Not listedClean Air Act Section 602: Not listedClean Air Act Section 602: Not listedCleas II Substances:DEA List I Chemicals: Not listed(Precursor Chemicals): Not listedDEA List II Chemicals: Not listedSARA 302/304: SARA 302/304		TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients		All components are listed or exempted.	
Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients	(b) Hazardous Air	: Not listed	
Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients		: Not listed	
(Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients		: Not listed	
(Essential Chemicals) <u>SARA 302/304</u> <u>Composition/information on ingredients</u>		: Not listed	
Composition/information on ingredients		: Not listed	
	SARA 302/304		
No products were found.	Composition/information	<u>ingredients</u>	
	No products were found.		
	-		

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Isopropyl alcohol	95 - 99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Propyl acetate	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	95 - 99
Supplier notification	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	95 - 99

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; N-PROPYL ACETATE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL; n- PROPYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, PROPYL ESTER
Denneydyenie	The following components are listed: 2 RECRANCL: ACETIC ACID, RECEVE ESTER

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: 2-PROPANOL; ACETIC ACID, PROPYL ESTER

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 3/14/2015.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/14/2015.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.