Material Safety Data Sheet

Konform® Ultra

1. Product and company identification

Product name : Konform® Ultra
Supplier : COMPANY NAME

COMPANY ADDRESS

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

Material uses : Coatings: Lacquers.

Manufacturer : ITW Chemtronics

8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152

Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244

Code : CTUFD1, CTUFD5 and CTUFD 55

 Validation date
 : 2/22/2013.

 Print date
 : 2/22/2013.

In case of emergency : Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887

Product type : Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear viscous liquid.]
Color : Clear. Colorless. [Light]

Odor : Characteristic.
Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT

CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Precautionary measures: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after

handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : May cause skin irritation.

Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, liver, upper

respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

2/22/2013. 1/1₁

2. Hazards identification

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Skin: No specific data.Eyes: No specific data.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

United States

Name	CAS number	%
Acetic acid, propyl ester 2-Propanone	109-60-4 67-64-1	25 - 50 25 - 50
heptane	142-82-5	10 - 25

Canada

Name	CAS number	%
Acetic acid, propyl ester 2-Propanone heptane	109-60-4 67-64-1 142-82-5	25 - 50 25 - 50 10 - 25

Mexico

						Classification		
Name	CAS number	UN number	%	IDLH	Н	F	R	Special
Acetic acid, propyl ester	109-60-4	UN1993	25 - 50	1700 ppm	0	3	0	-
2-Propanone	67-64-1	UN1993	25 - 50	2500 ppm	0	3	0	-
heptane	142-82-5	UN1993	10 - 25	750 ppm	0	3	0	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

2/22/2013. 2/1-

4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a

7. Handling and storage

compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Acetic acid, propyl ester	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). STEL: 1040 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 835 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). STEL: 1050 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 840 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 840 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 1050 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 840 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 840 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
2-Propanone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 750 ppm 8 hour(s).
heptane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1600 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 2000 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 85 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minute(s). CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 2000 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA	TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling				
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	Notations
2-Propanone	US ACGIH 1/2009 AB 6/2008 BC 6/2008 ON 6/2008 QC 6/2008	500 750 250 500 500	1188 1800 - - 1190	- - -	750 1000 500 750 1000	1782 2400 - - 2380	- - -	-	- - -	- - - -	
Acetic acid, propyl ester	US ACGIH 1/2009 AB 6/2008 BC 6/2008 ON 6/2008 QC 6/2008	200 200 200 200 200 200	835 835 - 830 835	- - -	250 250 250 250 250 250	1040 1040 - 1040 1040	- - -	-	- - -	- - - -	
heptane	US ACGIH 2/2010 AB 4/2009 BC 9/2010 ON 7/2010 QC 6/2008	400 400 400 400 400 400	1640 1640 - 1640 1640	- - -	500 500 500 500 500	2050 2050 - 2050 2050 2050	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	

[3]Skin sensitization

Mexico

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Acetic acid, propyl ester	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-CT: 1050 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). LMPE-CT: 250 ppm 15 minute(s).
	LMPE-PPT: 840 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). LMPE-PPT: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).
2-Propanone	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-CT: 3000 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). LMPE-CT: 1260 ppm 15 minute(s). LMPE-PPT: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). LMPE-PPT: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).
heptane	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). Absorbed through skin. LMPE-PPT: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). LMPE-PPT: 1600 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). LMPE-CT: 2000 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). LMPE-CT: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

2/22/2013. 5/1

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear viscous liquid.]

Flash point : Closed cup: 49°C (120.2°F) [Tagliabue.]

Color : Clear. Colorless. [Light]

Odor : Characteristic.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

2/22/2013. 6/1

11. Toxicological information

United States

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone propyl acetate heptane	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat		- 4 hours 4 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Acetic acid, propyl ester	-	-	-	-	-	None.
2-Propanone	-	-	-	A4	-	None.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Canada

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
propyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	9370 mg/kg	_
heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours

11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	20 milligrams	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Acetic acid, propyl ester	-	-	-	None.	-	-
2-Propanone	A4	-	-	None.	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mexico

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
propyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	9370 mg/kg	-
heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

2/22/2013. 8/1-

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Acetic acid, propyl ester 2-Propanone	- A4	-	-	None. None.	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

<u>United States</u>

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days	
propyl acetate	Acute LC50 60000 to 64000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours	

Conclusion/Summary

Persistence/degradability

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12. Ecological information

Canada

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days	
propyl acetate	Acute LC50 60000 to 64000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence/degradability
Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mexico

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days	
propyl acetate	Acute LC50 60000 to 64000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours	

Conclusion/Summary
Persistence/degradability

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

2/22/2013.

13. Disposal considerations

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I)	67-64-1	Listed	U002

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	1139	Coating Solution	3	III	PLANMARIE LIDUD	-
TDG Classification	1139	Coating Solution	3	III	<u>₹</u>	-
Mexico Classification	1139	Coating Solution	3	III	3	-
ADR/RID Class	1139	Coating Solution	3	III	<u>₹</u>	-
IMDG Class	1139	Coating Solution	3	III	<u>₹</u>	-
IATA-DGR Class	1139	Coating Solution	3	III	3	-

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Combustible liquid

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: heptane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: heptane

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class I Substances

2/22/2013. 11/1.

15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

Listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

> Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
acetone propyl acetate heptane	25 - 50	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
	25 - 50	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
	10 - 25	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ACETONE; N-PROPYL ACETATE; HEPTANE (N-

HEPTANE)

New York : The following components are listed: Acetone; 2-Propanone

: The following components are listed: ACETONE; 2-PROPANONE; n-PROPYL **New Jersey**

ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, PROPYL ESTER; n-HEPTANE; HEPTANE

: The following components are listed: 2-PROPANONE; ACETIC ACID, PROPYL ESTER; Pennsylvania

HEPTANE

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

: Not determined.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Heptane (all isomers)

CEPA Toxic substances : The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds

Canada inventory : Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification



15. Regulatory information

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. **Korea inventory**: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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